IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA **JASPER DIVISION**

| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |) | |
|--------------------------|---|----------|
| |) | Case No. |
| v. |) | |
| |) | |
| BAILEY CLARK GANEY |) | |

PLEA AGREEMENT

The Government and the defendant, BAILEY CLARK GANEY, hereby acknowledge the following plea agreement in this case:

PLEA

The defendant agrees to (i) plead guilty to COUNT ONE of the Information filed in the above-numbered and -captioned matter; (ii) stipulate to United States §2A1.4(a)(2)(A)(Involuntary Manslaughter Involving Sentencing Guideline Reckless Conduct)-18 Base Offense Level, §3A1.3 (Restraint of Victim)-2 Level Enhancement, and §3A1.1 (Vulnerable Victim)-2 Level Enhancement, and (iii) waive certain rights to direct appeal and collateral attack as outlined in section IV of this agreement. In exchange, the United States Attorney, acting on behalf of the Government and through the undersigned Assistant United States Attorney, agree to recommend the disposition specified below, subject to the conditions in section VII.

TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT

I. MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT

The defendant understands that the maximum statutory punishment that may be imposed for the crime of Conspiracy to Deprivation of Rights under Color of Law, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 241, as charged in **COUNT ONE** is:

- A. Imprisonment for not more than life imprisonment;
- B. A fine of not more than \$250,000.00, or;
- C. Both (a and b);
- D. Supervised release of not more than five years; and
- E. Special Assessment Fee of \$100 per count.

II. FACTUAL BASIS FOR PLEA

The Government is prepared to prove, at a minimum, the following facts at the trial of this case:

On January 12, 2023, the Walker County Jail (Jail) was headed by the elected Sheriff, the Jail Administrator, the Captain, and officers who served as shift supervisors over two day shifts and two night shifts. Each shift was staffed by several officers who performed various duties related to the care, custody, and control of the pre-trial and post-conviction detainees housed there. In general, officers typically, worked 12-hour shifts on a rotation of 4 days on, 4 days off, 3 days on, 3 days off over the course of a two-week period.

While the Jail contained several dorms to house detainees, a limited number of inmates were held for limited periods in observation cells in the "Booking" area. Booking consisted of the Booking desk which formed the central hub of detainee

intake, jail movement, communication, and operations. Eight booking cells could be directly observed by officers at the Booking desk several feet away. Among the eight Booking cells, BK5 was unique in that it was essentially a cement box with a small grate on the floor that opens into a hole for fluids to drain from the cell. Capable of being "flushed" only from outside of the cell, BK5 was often referred to as the drunk tank in that it could easily be hosed down when inebriated people held there would vomit. BK5 was unlike all other cells in the Jail, but for observation cell AH3, which had no hole in the floor and was used only for holding detainees for hours at a time.

BK5 did not have a sink, a toilet, access to any running water, or a raised platform to be used as a bed. Detainees housed in BK5 depended on officers to escort them to a toilet or shower and relied on officers to bring them water. BK5 was notoriously cold during winter months and the temperature on the bare cement floor was even colder. A small window was located on the top half of the cell door and a larger window covered the bottom half of the door. Again, this bottom window was unique among the observation cells, other than AH3, and offered considerably more opportunity for observation from the Booking desk than any of the other Booking cells.

On January 12, 2023, Walker County Sheriff's deputies responded to the home of Individual #1 in response to a request that they conduct a mental health welfare check. Individual #1 was arrested after he allegedly fired a gun while deputies were on his property and officers in the Jail became aware of his arrest through the Sheriff's social media posts and conversations amongst themselves.

Upon his arrest, Individual #1 was transported directly to the Jail in a patrol car that was met in the Jail's sallyport by correctional officers and supervisors including defendant GANEY, CO-CONSPIRATOR #1, CO-CONSPIRATOR #2, CO-CONSPIRATOR #3, CO-CONSPIRATOR #4, AND CO-CONSPIRATOR #5. Upon being removed from the patrol vehicle, Individual #1 demonstrated difficulty in walking and standing on his own. He was disoriented, non-combative, and could not follow instructions. These observations were obvious to everyone who removed Individual #1 from the car and defendant GANEY believed that Individual #1 needed to be taken to a hospital or mental health facility rather than being incarcerated at the Jail.

Nonetheless, defendant **GANEY** and several of his CO-CONSPIRATORS, expressed their hostility towards Individual #1 and their indifference to his well-being by making comments on the evening of his booking and on days thereafter

such as, Individual #1 should have been killed because he shot at deputies rather than being brought to the Jail. This attitude that he and his CO-CONSPIRATORS manifested and shared continued throughout Individual #1's incarceration.

Individual #1 was frequently expressing severe mental health symptoms such as talking incoherently about "demons" and "portals." He was often covered in feces, which was an indication that he could not care for himself while housed during the entire period of his incarceration in BK5. Defendant GANEY observed that BK5 was a harsh environment in which to be housed for two weeks. He observed that Individual #1 was naked for most of the time that he was housed there, lying on cement floor without a mat or blanket in temperatures that were colder than other areas of the Jail, in part because it had an exterior wall, and temperatures in Walker County during the relevant period dipped into the 20's at times. He observed that the cell was frequently filthy, not just with feces, but with food and garbage that was not removed by jailers.

Defendant GANEY worked at the Jail for approximately two years by the time that Individual #1 was arrested, beginning when he was 20 years old. He lad little formal education and his training largely consisted of on the job instruction he received from more senior jail staff. Nonetheless, he recognized that the conditions in which Individual #1 was housed were cruel and without justification. He didn't see Individual #1 being violent or combative. Instead, he saw Individual #1 deteriorate physically over the course of his two-week incarceration, appearing less active and making fewer noises. He was also aware of the fact that his CO-CONSPIRATORS were falsely claimed that Individual #1 was too combative to receive medical care, thereby preventing medical and mental health professionals from evaluating Individual #1's needs, Moreover, in an effort to ingratiate himself with his supervisors, he did not make any effort to obtain medical or mental health care for Individual #1, despite the demonstrated needs for such services.

There was no conduct that could have been committed by Individual #1 that would have justified the denial of medical access since the Jail could manage or control any behavior that Individual #1 might have exhibited. The capabilities of the Jail to manage inmates were known and obvious to everyone who worked there, including medical staff who routinely examined or evaluated the needs of inmates who were in handcuffs or restraints of one kind or another. Moreover, Individual #1 was frailer than most other inmates whom defendant GANEY and his CO-CONSPIRATORS encountered.

On the evening of January 25, 2023, the night before Individual #1 died, Jailer #1 and GANEY opened BK5 and to check on Individual #1's welfare, since he appeared to be in

physical distress. Defendant **GANEY** looked in on Individual #1 and found him to be lying on the floor, largely unresponsive, only able to raise his head and mutter incoherently, and not responding to defendant **GANEY**'s efforts to get him to raise himself up. In response, defendant **GANEY** expressed frustration at Individual #1, dismissing his obvious needs and took no steps to aid him. Hours later, on the morning of January 26, 2023, Individual #1 was taken to the local hospital. Upon arrival, he suffered cardiac arrest from which he did not recover. Emergency personnel documented his core body temperature as 72 degrees Fahrenheit, a temperature incompatible with life.

Defendant **GANEY** understood that the choices he, his CO- CONSPIRATORS, and others in the Jail made regarding Individual #1 in the face of the objectively obvious harmful conditions he suffered, would result in serious harm to Individual #1. Nonetheless, defendant **GANEY** did not take reasonable steps to alert appropriate authorities about the harmful conditions of Individual #1's confinement because he sought to further the collective actions of his CO- CONSPIRATORS, including the decisions orchestrated by supervisory members of the Jail's staff. In this way, defendant **GANEY** believed he would not impair his future employment in law enforcement.

The defendant hereby stipulates that the facts stated above are substantially correct and that the Court can use these facts in calculating the defendant's sentence. The defendant further acknowledges that these facts do not constitute all the evidence of each and every act that the defendant and/or any co-conspirators may have committed.

BAILEY CLARK GANEY

III. RECOMMENDED SENTENCE

Subject to the limitations in section VII regarding subsequent conduct and pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(B), the Government will recommend the following disposition:

- That the defendant be awarded a two (2) level reduction in the **A.** defendant's adjusted offense level, based upon the defendant's apparent prompt recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for the defendant's criminal conduct. The Government agrees to make a motion pursuant to USSG §3E1.1(b) for an additional one-level decrease in recognition of the defendant's prompt notification to the Government of the intention to enter a plea of guilty. The Government may oppose any adjustment for acceptance of responsibility if the defendant: (1) fails to admit each and every item in the factual stipulation; (2) denies involvement in the offense; (3) gives conflicting statements about the defendant's involvement in the offense; (4) is untruthful with the Court, the Government, or the United States Probation Officer; (5) obstructs or attempts to obstruct justice prior to sentencing; (6) engages in any criminal conduct between the date of this agreement and the date of sentencing; or (7) attempts to withdraw the defendant's plea of guilty for any reason other than those expressly enumerated in the "Waiver of Right to Appeal and Post-Conviction Relief" section of this Plea Agreement;
- **B.** That the defendant be remanded to the custody of the Bureau of Prisons and incarcerated for a term consistent within the advisory United States Sentencing Guideline range as calculated by the Court at the time of sentencing;
- C. That following said term of imprisonment, the defendant be placed on supervised release for a period to be determined by the Court, subject to the Court's standard conditions of supervised release;
- **D.** That the defendant be required to pay a fine in accordance with the sentencing guidelines should the Court determine that the defendant has the ability to pay a fine, said amount due and owing as of the date

- sentence is pronounced, with any outstanding balance to be paid in full by the expiration of the term of supervised release; and,
- E. That the defendant pay a special assessment of \$100.00, said amount due and owing as of the date sentence is pronounced.

IV. WAIVERS

A. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS WAIVER

In consideration of the recommended disposition of this case, I, BAILEY CLARK GANEY, hereby understand, acknowledge, and agree that if this plea agreement is set aside for any reason, I will not assert any defense based on any applicable statute of limitations or the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., that includes the passage of time from and including the date of this plea agreement until and including the date of entry of any order setting this plea agreement aside.

B. RIGHT TO APPEAL AND POST-CONVICTION RELIEF

In consideration of the recommended disposition of this case, I, BAILEY CLARK GANEY, hereby waive and give up my right to appeal my conviction and/or sentence in this case, as well as any fines, restitution, and forfeiture orders, the Court might impose. Further, I waive and give up the right to challenge my conviction and/or sentence, any fines, restitution, forfeiture orders imposed or the manner in which my conviction and/or sentence, any fines, restitution, and forfeiture orders were determined in any post-conviction

proceeding, including, but not limited to, a motion brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2255, and any argument that (1) the statute to which I am pleading guilty is or are unconstitutional or (2) the admitted conduct does not fall within the scope of the statute.

The defendant reserves the right to contest in an appeal or postconviction proceeding(s) the following:

- 1. Any sentence imposed in excess of the applicable statutory maximum sentence(s);
- 2. Any sentence imposed in excess of the Guidelines range determined by the Court at the time sentence is imposed; and
- 3. Ineffective assistance of counsel.

The defendant acknowledges that before giving up these rights, the defendant discussed the United States Sentencing Guidelines and their application to the defendant's case with the defendant's attorney, who explained them to the defendant's satisfaction. The defendant further acknowledges and understands that the Government retains its right to appeal where authorized by statute.

C. WAIVER OF RULE 410, RULE 11, AND SECTION 1B1.8(a)

The defendant agrees that if he fails to comply with any of the provisions of this agreement, including the failure to tender such agreement to the district court, or attempts to withdraw the plea (prior to or after pleading guilty to the

charges identified in the agreement), the government will have the right to characterize such conduct as a breach of the agreement. In the event of such a breach, the defendant waives any protections afforded by Section 1B1.8(a) of the Sentencing Guidelines, Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, and Rule 410 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, and the government will be free to use against the defendant, directly and indirectly, in any criminal or civil proceeding any of the information, statements, and materials provided by him pursuant to this agreement, including offering into evidence or otherwise using the attached Agreed Factual Basis for Guilty Plea.

I, BAILEY CLARK GANEY, hereby place my signature on the line directly below to signify that I fully understand the foregoing paragraphs, and that I am knowingly and voluntarily entering into this waiver.

BAILEY CLARK GANEY

V. UNITED STATES SENTENCING GUIDELINES

The defendant's counsel has explained to the defendant, that in light of the United States Supreme Court's decision in *United States v. Booker*, the federal sentencing guidelines are **advisory** in nature. Sentencing is in the Court's discretion and is not required to be within the guideline range. The defendant agrees that, pursuant to this agreement, the Court may use facts it finds by a preponderance of

the evidence to reach an advisory guideline range, and the defendant explicitly waives any right to have those facts found by a jury beyond a reasonable doubt.

VI. AGREEMENT NOT BINDING ON COURT

The defendant fully and completely understands and agrees that it is the Court's duty to impose sentence upon the defendant and that any sentence recommended by the Government is **NOT BINDING UPON THE COURT**, and that the Court is not required to accept the Government's recommendation. Further, the defendant understands that if the Court does not accept the Government's recommendation, the defendant does not have the right to withdraw the guilty plea.

VII. VOIDING OF AGREEMENT

The defendant understands that if the defendant (a) violates any federal, state, or local law or any condition of pretrial release after entering into this plea agreement, (b) moves the Court to accept a plea of guilty in accordance with, or pursuant to, the provisions of *North Carolina v. Alford*, 400 U.S. 25 (1970), (c) tenders a plea of *nolo contendere* to the charges, (d) violates any other term of this plea agreement, and/or (e) does or says anything that is inconsistent with the acceptance of responsibility, the plea agreement will become NULL and VOID at the election of the United States, and the United States will not be bound by any of the terms, conditions, or recommendations, express or implied, which are contained

herein. Further, such election will not entitle the defendant to withdraw a previously entered plea.

The defendant further understands and agrees that if at any time, the government determines that the defendant has 1) falsified, concealed, covered up, or omitted a material fact; 2) made any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation; or 3) otherwise provided material information or evidence that is not full, complete, and accurate, the obligations of the government under the plea agreement will become NULL and VOID at the election of the United States, and the United States will not be bound by any of the terms, conditions, or recommendations, express or implied, which are contained herein. In that event, the government may also prosecute the defendant for false statements, perjury, or obstruction of justice and use any admissions made by the defendant at any time, including during plea negotiations, for any purpose. Further, such election will not entitle the defendant to withdraw his previously entered plea.

VIII. OTHER DISTRICTS AND JURISDICTIONS

The defendant understands and agrees that this agreement **DOES NOT BIND** any other United States Attorney in any other district, or any other state or local authority.

IX. COLLECTION OF FINANCIAL OBLIGATION

To facilitate the collection of financial obligations to be imposed in connection with this prosecution, the defendant agrees to:

- fully disclose all assets in which the defendant has any interest or over which the defendant exercises control, directly or indirectly, including those held by a spouse, nominee or other third party;
- promptly submit a completed financial statement to the United States

 Attorney's Office, in a form that it provides and as it directs;
- identify all assets over which the defendant exercises or exercised control,
 directly or indirectly, within the past five years, or in which the defendant has
 or had during that time any financial interest;
- take all steps as requested by the Government to obtain from any other parties by any lawful means any records of assets owned at any time by the defendant;
- undergo any polygraph examination the Government may choose to administer concerning such assets and to provide and/or consent to the release of the defendant's tax returns for the previous five years.

The defendant further agrees that the above information, as well as any of the defendant's financial statements and disclosures, will be complete, accurate, and truthful. Finally, the defendant expressly authorizes the United States Attorney's

Office to obtain a credit report on the defendant to evaluate the defendant's ability to satisfy any financial obligation imposed by the Court.

X. AGREEMENT REGARDING RELEVANT CONDUCT AND RESTITUTION

As part of the defendant's plea agreement, the defendant admits to the above facts associated with the charges and relevant conduct for any other acts. The defendant understands and agrees that the relevant conduct contained in the factual basis will be used by the Court to determine the defendant's range of punishment under the advisory sentencing guidelines. The defendant admits that all the crimes listed in the factual basis are part of the same acts, scheme, and course of conduct. This agreement is not meant, however, to prohibit the United States Probation Office or the Court from considering any other acts and factors, which may constitute or relate to relevant conduct. Additionally, if this agreement contains any provisions providing for the dismissal of any counts, the defendant agrees to pay any appropriate restitution to each of the separate and proximate victims related to those counts should there be any and waives objection to the inclusion of that restitution in any order issued by the Court.

XI. TAX, FORFEITURE AND OTHER CIVIL/ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Unless otherwise specified herein, the defendant understands and acknowledges that this agreement does not apply to or in any way limit any pending

or prospective proceedings related to the defendant's **tax liabilities**, if any, or to any pending or prospective **forfeiture** or other **civil** or **administrative** proceedings.

XII. IMMIGRATION STATUS

The defendant recognizes that pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to the defendant's immigration status if the defendant is not a citizen of the United States. Under federal law, a broad range of crimes are removable offenses, including the offense to which the defendant is pleading guilty. The defendant's guilty plea and conviction make it practically inevitable and a virtual certainty that the defendant will be removed or deported from the United States if the defendant is not a citizen of the United States. Removal and other immigration consequences are the subject of a separate proceeding, however; and the defendant understands that no one, including his attorney or the district court, can predict to a certainty the effect of his conviction on his immigration status. Understanding all of this, the defendant nevertheless affirms that the defendant wants to plead guilty regardless of any immigration consequences that the plea may entail, even if the consequence is automatic removal from the United States.

XIII. DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I have read and understand the provisions of this plea agreement consisting of seventeen (17) pages. I have discussed the case and my constitutional and other rights with my lawyer. I am satisfied with my lawyer's representation in this case. I

understand that by pleading guilty, I will be waiving and giving up my right to continue to plead not guilty, to a trial by jury, to the assistance of counsel at that trial, to confront, cross-examine, or compel the attendance of witnesses, to present evidence on my behalf, to maintain my privilege against self-incrimination, and to the presumption of innocence. I agree to enter my plea as indicated above on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NO PROMISES OR REPRESENTATIONS OTHER THAN THOSE IN THE AGREEMENT HAVE BEEN MADE TO ME BY THE PROSECUTOR, OR BY ANYONE ELSE, NOR HAVE ANY THREATS BEEN MADE OR FORCE USED TO INDUCE ME TO PLEAD GUILTY.

I further state that I have not had any drugs, medication, or alcohol within the past 48 hours except as stated here:

none

I understand that this plea agreement will take effect and will be binding as to the Parties **only** after all necessary signatures have been affixed hereto.

I have personally and voluntarily placed my initials on every page of this plea agreement and have signed the signature line below to indicate that I have read, understand, and approve all the provisions of this plea agreement, both individually and as a total binding agreement.

BAILEY CLARK GANEY

Defendant

XIV. COUNSEL'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have discussed this case with my client in detail and have advised my client of all my client's rights and all possible defenses. My client has conveyed to me that my client understands this plea agreement and consents to all its terms. I believe the plea and disposition set forth herein are appropriate under the facts of this case and are in accord with my best judgment. I concur in the entry of the plea agreement on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

DATE

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WOODY KETCHAM

Defendant's Counsel

XV. GOVERNMENT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have reviewed this matter and this plea agreement and concur that the plea and disposition set forth herein are appropriate and are in the interests of justice.

PRIM F. ESCALONAUnited States Attorney

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MICHAEL A. ROYSTER
Assistant United States Attorney

KRISTEN CLARKE
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

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MARK BLUMBERG Special Legal Counsel Civil Rights Division

10/07/24 DATE andrew Cherry by MAR

ANDREW CHERRY
Trial Attorney
Civil Rights Division